

Name: _____

Date: _____



Choose one UK woodland picture card and one tropical forest card.

Stick the **UK woodland** picture card here.

Write words to describe it:

Stick the **tropical forest** picture card here.

Write words to describe it:

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Use the picture cards and Jungle Words to help you.

Draw a **deciduous** tree in winter:

A large, empty rectangular box with a black border, intended for drawing a deciduous tree in winter.

Draw an **evergreen** tree in winter:

A large, empty rectangular box with a black border, intended for drawing an evergreen tree in winter.

Write words or short phrases to describe two forests. Highlight any pairs of words which are similar or the same.

UK woodland	Seasonal tropical forest / mangrove / cloud forest (circle one)

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Tick the correct statements. Cross the incorrect ones. Not sure? Put a question mark.

Some of the tall trees in Indian forests lose their leaves at some time during the year.	
Deciduous trees in UK woodlands lose their leaves during autumn.	
The undergrowth below the trees in UK woodlands is very tall.	
The undergrowth below the trees in the forest in India is tall, dense and tangled.	
There are tree snakes in UK woodland.	
There are tree snakes in the Indonesian mangrove.	
You can easily walk through UK woodland.	
You can easily walk through mangroves.	

You can use a small boat to travel through mangroves.	
Cloud forest tree trunks and branches are covered in moss and other plants.	
UK woodland tree trunks and branches are covered in moss and other plants.	
Orchids grow on the branches of trees in UK woodlands.	
Vines and creeping plants hang from the branches of tall trees in cloud forests.	
Evergreen trees in UK woodlands lose their leaves during autumn.	
Tropical forests and jungles can have evergreen trees and deciduous trees.	
Mangrove forests are always partly under water.	

Let's go to the jungle!

UK Woodland vs Jungle (UK)



Woodland,
United Kingdom.



Woodland,
United Kingdom.



Woodland,
United Kingdom.



Woodland,
United Kingdom.

Let's go to the jungle!

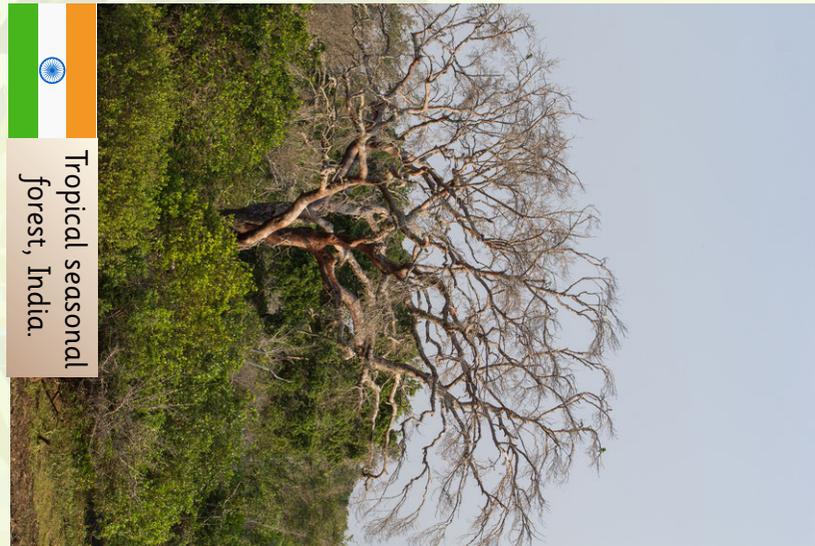
UK Woodland vs Jungle (India)



 Tropical seasonal forest, India.



 Tropical seasonal forest, India.



 Tropical seasonal forest, India.



 Tropical seasonal forest, India.

Let's go to the jungle!

UK Woodland vs Jungle (Indonesia)



Mangrove,
Indonesia.



Mangrove,
Indonesia.



Mangrove,
Indonesia.



Mangrove,
Indonesia.

Let's go to the jungle!

UK Woodland vs Jungle (Costa Rica)



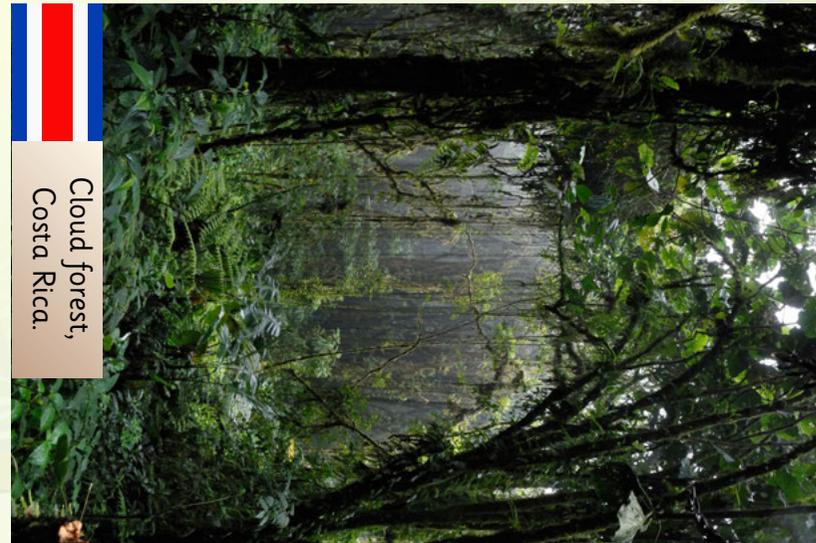
Cloud forest,
Costa Rica.



Cloud forest,
Costa Rica.



Cloud forest,
Costa Rica.



Cloud forest,
Costa Rica.

How many of these can you find in a woodland area?



- | | |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Areas with tall trees | <input type="checkbox"/> Insects such as millipedes, earwigs or woodlice |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Shady areas | <input type="checkbox"/> Beetles |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Dense undergrowth | <input type="checkbox"/> Spiders |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Streams or ponds | <input type="checkbox"/> Small mammals such as mice, fox, squirrels, hedgehogs |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Deciduous trees | <input type="checkbox"/> Birds |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Evergreen trees | <input type="checkbox"/> Butterflies, moths, dragonflies or damselflies |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Bushes with thorns | <input type="checkbox"/> Amphibians such as frogs, toads or newts |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Ferns | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Small green plants | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Flowers | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Moss | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Lichen | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Fungi (don't touch) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Fallen branches | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Leaf litter (a layer of fallen leaves on the ground) | |

How many of these can you find in a woodland area?



- | | |
|---|--|
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Let's go to the jungle!

Jungle Words

Name: _____

Date: _____



tree

root, trunk,
branch

vine

fern

orchid

fungi

lichen

moss

undergrowth

canopy

forest floor

dense

tangled

dark

shadowy

misty
foggy
cloudy

thorny

leafy

wet
damp
humid

overgrown

deciduous
evergreen

