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| Judaism | | | | | |
| Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 |
| WALT: Understand the foundation of the Jewish Faith | WALT: Understand the Exodus lead by Moses | WALT: Understand the significance of the synagogue to a Jew. WALT: Key features of a synagogue | WALT: Understand the festivals of Passover Rosh Hashanah, Yom Kippur and Hanukkah | WALT: Understand and investigate the Torah | WALT: Understand the significance of the symbols of Judaism. |
| Key Vocabulary | | | | | |
| Judaism, Israel, Abraham, God, Jewish, Jew, religion. Torah, commandments, Moses, Mount Sina, Jerusalem, Rabbi, Torah, scrolls, Hebrew, Yad, Bar Mitzvah, Bat Mitzvah, synagogue. Shabbat/Sabbath, Passover, Rosh Hashanah, Yom Kippur, Hanukkah | | | | | |
| Milestone Indicator | | | | | |
| Judaism G-d Jewish belief about G-d G-d is One, good G-d is the Creator G-d cares for all people Belief exemplified through The Shema: mezuzah, tefillin, tzizit The first five of the Ten Commandments Psalms and songs Prayer Stories from the Tenakh Wearing of kippah and tallit The importance of repentance and forgiveness Rosh Hashanah Yom Kippur The Book of Life The value and expression of gratitude Blessings before and after meals General blessings Torah The Tenakh Consists of Torah, Nevi’im and Ketuvim Stories from the lives of the prophets, e.g. Elijah, Isaiah Examples of writings, e.g. Psalms and Proverbs The importance of the Torah: written and oral The Sefer Torah and the work of the scribe in faithfully writing the Torah Scrolls for new generations G-d giving the Torah at Mount Sinai and how different traditions understand the origins and nature of the Torah Commandments, laws and rules (613 mitzvot) which set out how people should live Sayings which express values + ‘Love your neighbour as yourself’ + ‘Love the stranger’ Stories + the Creation + the Patriarchs and the Matriarchs + the life of Moses + the life of Rabbi Akiva and other rabbis from the Talmudic times + the lives and stories of the Baal Shem Tov and Rabbi Nachman of Breslov + the lives of Rabbis Leo Baeck and Hugo Gryn Care for the world and the environment Study of the Torah Reading of the weekly portion The annual cycle of readings Regular Torah study Simchat Torah Respect and honour for the Torah and G-d’s name The People and the Land Family life The variety of ways of being Jewish, including Ashkenazi and Sephardi as well as Orthodox and Progressive The mezuzah identifies the Jewish home Shabbat 44 + the preparation + the lighting of the candles + blessing the children + blessings using wine and challah + quality family time + the three Shabbat meals Kashrut Food laws and the kitchen: How these might change from family to family depending on Judaism is interpreted and lived Life rituals Brit Milah and girls’ naming ceremony Bar and Bat Mitzvah/Bat Chayil Marriage Funerals, mourning and remembrance Festivals and celebrations The calendar The three Harvest and Pilgrim festivals + Pesach (exodus and freedom - the miraculous crossing of the Red Sea) + Shavuot (giving of the Torah) - the story of Ruth + Sukkot (the festival of God’s protection) – building a Succah Worship and the community + Mishkan: menorah and Ark + Jerusalem: first and second Temples and the Western Wall + the Synagogue: the community centre; place of prayer and study; its main features and components; historical developments, the role of the Rabbi The Magen David: a modern symbol for Jews Diversity within the Jewish community Orthodox, Masorti, Reform and Liberal Judaism and how that is seen in Cornwall and Devon Differences of opinion and practice in relation to the place of women in the synagogue, the keeping of kosher and the nature of Jewish status as understood in different branches of Judaism | | | | | |